

Recombinant Human IL2 Protein, C-His-tagged

Product Information

Cat IMP-4689

Official Symbol IL2

Product Overview Recombinant human IL2 (NP_000577.2) (Met1-Thr153) was expressed

with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Description Interleukin-2, also known as a T-cell growth factor, TCGF, Aldesleukin, and

IL2, is a secreted protein that belongs to the IL-2 family. Interleukin-2 / IL-2 was the first interleukin molecule to be discovered. Interleukin-2 / IL-2

molecule was first purified to homogeneity by immunoaffinity

chromatography by Kendall Smith and his team at Dartmouth Medical School. Interleukin-2 / IL-2 was also the first cytokine shown to mediate its effects via a specific IL-2 receptor, and it was also the first interleukin to be

cloned and expressed from a complementary DNA (cDNA) library.

Interleukin-2 / IL-2 was designated number 2 because Smith's data at the time indicated that IL-1, produced by macrophages, facilitates IL-2

production by T lymphocytes (T cells).

Expression System HEK293

Species Human

Tag C-His

Predicted N Terminal Ala 21

Form Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4, 5 % trehalose, 5% mannitol and

0.01% Tween80.

Molecular Mass The recombinant human IL2 consists of 144 amino acids and predicts a

molecular mass of 16.9 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, it migrates as an approximately 18.4 and 16.6 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Protein length Met1-Thr153

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Purity > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Storage Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20 to

-80 centigrade. Store it under sterile conditions at -20 to -80 centigrade. It is

recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid

repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

ReconstitutionA hardcopy of COA with reconstitution instruction is sent along with the

products. Please refer to it for detailed information.