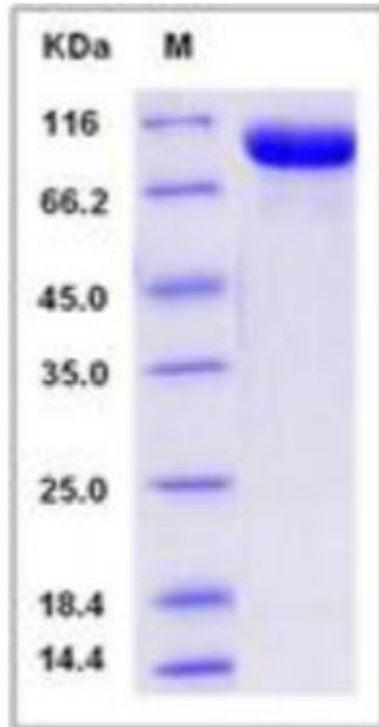


Recombinant Mouse Tek Protein, C-His-tagged

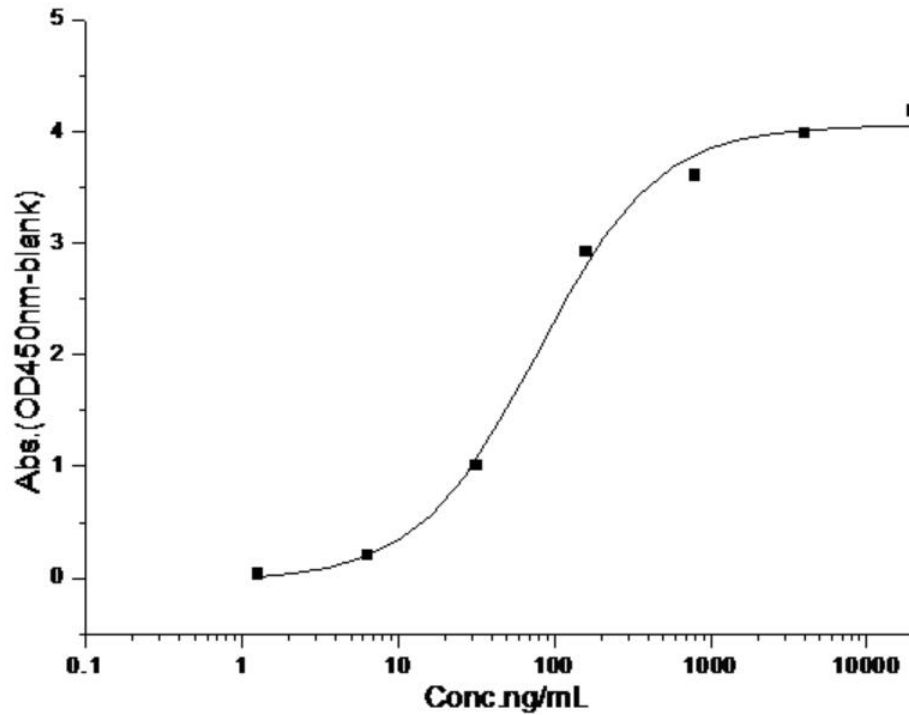
Product Information

Cat	IMP-4984
Official Symbol	Tek
Product Overview	Recombinant mouse TEK (Q02858) (Met1-Lys744) was expressed with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.
Description	TEK, or TIE-2, is an endothelial cell-specific receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) that is known as a functioning molecule of vascular endothelial cells. TEK comprises a subfamily of RTK with TIE, and these two receptors play critical roles in vascular maturation, maintenance of integrity and remodeling. Targeted mutagenesis of both Tek and its agonistic ligand, Angiopoietin-1, result in embryonic lethality, demonstrating that the signal transduction pathways mediated by this receptor are crucial for normal embryonic development. TEK signaling is indispensable for the development of the embryonic vasculature and suggests that TEK signaling may also be required for the development of the tumor vasculature.
Expression System	HEK293
Species	Mouse
Tag	C-His
Predicted N Terminal	Ala 23
Form	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4, 5 % trehalose, 5% mannitol and 0.01% Tween80.
Molecular Mass	The recombinant mouse TEK comprises 733 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 82 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 91 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.
Protein length	Met1-Lys744
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU/ μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method
Purity	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Storage	Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20 to -80 centigrade. Store it under sterile conditions at -20 to -80 centigrade. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	A hardcopy of COA with reconstitution instruction is sent along with the products. Please refer to it for detailed information.

SDS-PAGE



Bioactivity-ELISA 1



Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized mouse TEK-His at 10 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind human Ang2-Fc with a linear range of 6.25-200 ng/mL.